

RNAi plasmid construction using pFGC5941 (Yuan Lab)

1. Amplify insert from flower cDNA or gDNA (depending on the sequence) using Phusion PCR

Do **2** 20 µl reactions:

4 µl 5x Phusion buffer

0.5 µl 10mM dNTPs

0.6 µl DMSO

1.0 µl template

0.2 µl Phusion enzyme

11.0 µl dH₂O

1.5 µl 5 µM primer F

1.5 µl 5 µM primer R

20 µl total

Phusion program:

cycle 1: 98 for 0:30

cycle 2: (32x) 98 for 0:10

58 for 0:20 (or ideal

annealing temp)

72 for 0:30

cycle 3: 72 for 5:00

cycle 4: 12 for ever

2. Digest insert with NcoI/Ascl and BamHI/XbaI and pFGC5941 plasmid with NcoI/Ascl

2.5 µl 10x CutSmart Buffer

4.5 µl dH₂O

1.5 µl NcoI

1.5 µl Ascl

15 µl PCR product/plasmid

25 µl total

Incubate 37 degrees for 1 hour

Gel purify digests and save the BamHI/XbaI digested insert for the second ligation

2.5 µl 10x CutSmart Buffer

4.5 µl dH₂O

1.5 µl XbaI

1.5 µl BamHI

15 µl PCR product

25 µl total

3. Ligation #1

Want an insert to vector ratio of 2:1 to 6:1

2 µl linearized pFGC5941 digested with Ascl/NcoI (~**175ng; adjust volume accordingly**)

4 µl insert digested with Ascl/NcoI (~**15-30ng**)

2 µl T4 ligase buffer

1 µl T4 ligase

11 µl dH₂O

20 µl total

Incubate 30 minutes at room temperature

Transform 10ul into *E. coli* comp cells (**homemade**) and plate on Kan plates

4. Colony PCR to check for first insert

Circle the biggest colonies on your plate and label them 1-8

Make a replica plate for your colonies, unless they're sufficiently space out on the original plate

PCR across the first insert using primers on the vector to check for an insert:

An empty vector will give a band of 700bp (3082-2372=710)

8.0 μ l dH₂O
1.0 μ l 10x buffer
.125 μ l dNTPs
0.5 μ l pFGC5941 **2372 F**
0.5 μ l pFGC5941 **3082 R**
0.05 μ l Taq
10 μ l total
Colony PCR Program:
cycle 1: 95 for 3:00
cycle 2: (32x) 95 for 0:15
 55 for 0:15
 72 for 1:00
cycle 3: 72 for 7:00
cycle 4: 12 for ever

5. Pick two correct colonies and inoculate into 3 mL LB+Kan broth

incubate in 37 degree shaker overnight

The next day, do a plasmid prep (mini-prep kit) with 1 of the colonies that grew well

6. Digest plasmid with BamHI/XbaI

5 μ l 10x CutSmart Buffer

12 μ l dH₂O

1.5 μ l XbaI

1.5 μ l BamHI

30 μ l plasmid * adjust volume based on concentration; you want 2000-5000 ng of plasmid

50 μ l total

37 degrees for 1 hour

gel purify digest

7. Ligation #2

2 μ l vector with the first insert, digested with BamHI/XbaI (**~175ng; adjust volume accordingly**)

4 μ l insert digested with BamHI/XbaI (done in step 2) (want ~15-30 ng)

2 μ l T4 ligase buffer

1 μ l T4 ligase

11 μ l dH₂O

20 μ l total

Incubate 30 minutes at room temperature

Transform 10ul into *E. coli* comp cells (**homemade**) and plate on Kan plates

Homemade TOP10 *E. coli* competent cells transformation:

1. Thaw competent cells on ice and transfer to a chilled PCR tube
2. Add your reaction to the cells (10ul if RNAi ligation, 3ul of LR reaction)
3. Incubate on ice for 5 minutes
4. Heat-shock cells for **45 seconds** at 42°C in the PCR machine
5. Immediately transfer the PCR tube to ice and incubate on ice for 5 minutes
6. Add **900ul LB** to a labeled eppie tube
7. Transfer your cells to the LB and cap the tube tightly

8. Incubate and shake the cells at 37°C for 1 hour (tape to bottom of shaker)
9. Centrifuge to spin down the cells 8000rpm for 1 minute
10. Pipet off 700ul of the LB
11. Resuspend the cells in the 200ul of LB
12. Spread all of the cells onto a LB Kan plate (or appropriate antibiotic)
13. Incubate at 37°C overnight (should visibly see colonies late morning of the next day)

8. Colony PCR to check for second insert

pFGC5941 **3930 F** & pFGC5941 **4430 R**

Vector without insert will give a band of 500bp

9. Pick two correct colonies and inoculate into 3 mL LB+Kan broth

incubate in 37 degree shaker overnight

Plasmid prep (mini-prep kit)

10. Check plasmid for inserts

PCR to check for both inserts:

2372F/3082R or RNAi_R (insert specific)

3930F/4430R or RNAi_F (insert specific)

11. Sequence to verify

Use 4 primers:

2372F, 3082R, 3930F, 4430R

Note: in the sequencing reaction, add DMSO to aid in the sequencing across the restriction enzyme digest sites (the chromatogram peaks usually drop off dramatically right after the digest sites; an alternative strategy is to PCR the final plasmid with 2372F&3082R for the left insert and 3930F&4430R for the right insert and then sequence the PCR product)

12. Transform into agrobacterium for infiltration